AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1	1. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method of adding
2	a new node to a network multicast group, with a specified group membership
3	status, wherein members of a corresponding routing tree route multicast messages
4	among members of the group, the method comprising:
5	selecting a minimum spanning tree of the network;
6	selecting the new node as the current node;
7	examining the routing tree membership statuses of nodes that are linked to
8	the current node by links included in the minimum spanning tree;
9	until said examining is halted, selecting a peer node of the current node as
10	the current node and repeating said examining;
11	halting the examining when a final node is examined if:
12	the final node is a Full member of the routing tree; or
13	the final node is a SendOnly member of the routing tree and the
14	specified group membership status of the new node is SendOnly; and
15	for each given node in the path from the new node to the final node,
16	setting the routing tree membership status of the given node equal to the specified
17	group membership status of the new node.
1	2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
2	maintaining a queue for storing network nodes for selection as current
3	node:

4	wherein a first peer of a current node is added to said queue if:				
5	said first peer is coupled to the current node by a link included in				
6	the minimum spanning tree;				
7	said first peer is not a Full member of the routing tree; and				
8	the routing tree membership status of said first peer and the				
9	specified group membership status of the new node are not both				
10	SendOnly.				
1	3. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising:				
2	determining if said queue is empty if:				
3	the specified group membership status of the new node is Full; and				
4	the routing tree membership status of said first peer is SendOnly.				
1	4. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising:				
2	halting the examining if said queue is empty.				
1	5. (Previously Presented) A computer readable medium storing				
2	instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a				
3	method of adding a new node to a network multicast group, with a specified group				
4	membership status, wherein members of a corresponding routing tree route				
5	multicast messages among members of the group, the method comprising:				
6	selecting a minimum spanning tree of the network;				
7	selecting the new node as the current node;				
8	examining the routing tree membership statuses of nodes that are linked to				
9	the current node by links included in the minimum spanning tree;				
10	until said examining is halted, selecting a peer node of the current node as				
11	the current node and repeating said examining;				
12	halting the examining when a final node is examined if:				

13		the final node is a Full member of the routing tree; or			
14	the final node is a SendOnly member of the routing tree and the				
15	specified group membership status of the new node is SendOnly; and				
16	for ea	ch given node in the path from the new node to the final node,			
17	setting the ro	uting tree membership status of the given node equal to the specified			
18	group membe	ership status of the new node.			
1	6.	(Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method of adding			
2	a first node to	a multicast group of network nodes, wherein members of a			
3	correspondin	g routing tree route multicast messages among members of the			
4	group, the mo	ethod comprising:			
5	(a)	receiving a first request to include a first network node in a			
6	multicast gro	up as one of a Full member and a SendOnly member;			
7	(b)	setting a GroupStatus of the first node according to the first			
8	request, when	rein said GroupStatus indicates a membership status in the multicast			
9	group;				
10	(c)	selecting a minimum spanning tree of the network;			
11	(d)	selecting the first node as the current node;			
12	(e)	selecting a peer node of the current node, wherein a TreeStatus of			
13	the selected p	peer has not been examined since the first request was received,			
14	wherein said	TreeStatus indicates a membership status in the routing tree;			
15	(f)	performing one or more of the following examinations:			
16		(f1) determining if said TreeStatus of the selected peer is Full;			
17		(f2) determining if said TreeStatus of the selected peer is			
18	Send	Only and said GroupStatus of the current node is SendOnly; and			
19		(f3) determining if a network link coupling the current node to			
20	the se	lected peer is part of the selected minimum spanning tree;			
21	(g)	repeating steps (e) to steps (g) until one of:			

22		(g1) at least one peer of the current node has been examined;
23	and	
24		(g2) one of said step (f1) and said step (f2) determinations
25	succe	red;
26	(h)	if neither of said step (f1) and said step (f2) determinations has
27	succeeded, se	etting a peer of the current node as the current node;
28	(i)	repeating steps (e) to steps (h) until one of:
29		(i1) all nodes in the routing tree have been examined; and
30		(i2) one of said step (f1) and said step (f2) determinations
31	succe	ed;
32	(j)	for each given node in the minimum spanning tree, from the new
33	node to the la	ast peer examined, setting a TreeStatus of the given node equal to
34	said GroupSt	eatus of the new node.
1	7.	(Previously Presented) The method of claim 6, further comprising,
2	after step (d)	:
3	comp	paring said GroupStatus of the first node to said TreeStatus of the first
4	node.	
1	8.	(Original) The method of claim 6, further comprising:
2	main	taining a queue in which to queue nodes for selection as the current
3	node.	
1	9.	(Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, further comprising,
2	if said step (1	3) determination succeeds:
3	addin	g the selected peer to said queue.
1	10.	(Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, further comprising,

3	if said TreeStatus of the selected peer is SendOnly and said GroupStatus of				
4	the new node is Full, determining if said queue is empty.				
1	11.	(Previ	iously Presented) A computer readable medium storing		
2		`	en executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a		
3			irst node to a multicast group of network nodes, wherein		
4		_	conding routing tree route multicast messages among		
		•			
5		_	p, the method comprising:		
6	(a)		ring a first request to include a first network node in a		
7	multicast gro	up as or	ne of a Full member and a SendOnly member;		
8	(b)	setting	g a GroupStatus of the first node according to the first		
9	request, wher	ein saic	GroupStatus indicates a membership status in the multicast		
10	group;				
11	(c)	(c) selecting a minimum spanning tree of the network;			
12	(d)	select	ing the first node as the current node;		
13	(e)	select	ing a peer node of the current node, wherein a TreeStatus of		
14	the selected p	eer has	not been examined since the first request was received,		
15	wherein said	TreeSta	itus indicates a membership status in the routing tree;		
16	(f)	perfo	rming one or more of the following examinations:		
17		(f1)	determining if said TreeStatus of the selected peer is Full;		
18		(f2)	determining if said TreeStatus of the selected peer is		
19	SendO	Only and	d said GroupStatus of the current node is SendOnly; and		
20		(f3)	determining if a network link coupling the current node to		
21	the se	lected p	peer is part of the selected minimum spanning tree;		
22	(g)	repeat	ting steps (e) to steps (g) until one of:		
23		(g1)	at least one peer of the current node has been examined;		
24	and	<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>	,		
-					

2

if said step (f3) determination succeeds:

25	(g2) one of said step (f1) and said step (f2) determinations
26	succeed;
27	(h) if at least one peer of the current node has been examined, setting
28	peer of the current node as the current node;
29	(i) repeating steps (e) to steps (h) until one of:
30	(i1) all nodes in the routing tree have been examined; and
31	(i2) one of said step (f1) and said step (f2) determinations
32	succeed;
33	(j) for each given node in the minimum spanning tree, from the new
34	node to the last peer examined, setting a TreeStatus of the given node equal to
35	said GroupStatus of the new node.
1	12. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method of adding
2	a new node to a network multicast group, with a specified group membership
3	status, wherein members of a corresponding routing tree route multicast messages
4	among members of the group, the method comprising:
5	identifying a minimum spanning tree of the network;
6	selecting the new node as the current node;
7	until a final node having a routing tree membership status greater than or
8	equal to the specified group membership status of the new node is identified,
9	repeating:
10	examining the routing tree membership statuses of peer nodes of
11	the current node; and
12	selecting as current node a peer node of the current node that is
13	coupled to the current node by a link included in the minimum spanning
14	tree; and
15	setting the routing tree membership status of each node in the minimum
16	spanning tree, from the new node to the final node, to the specified group

17	membership	status	of the	new	node.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

1

2

3

1	13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein a node's routing tree
2	membership status and group membership status are each one of the following,
3	from lesser status to greater status: non-member, SendOnly, Full.

14. (Previously Presented) A computer readable medium storing instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a method of adding a new node to a network multicast group, with a specified group membership status, wherein members of a corresponding routing tree route multicast messages among members of the group, the method comprising: identifying a minimum spanning tree of the network; selecting the new node as the current node; until a final node having a routing tree membership status greater than or equal to the specified group membership status of the new node is identified, repeating: examining the routing tree membership statuses of peer nodes of the current node; and selecting as current node a peer node of the current node that is coupled to the current node by a link included in the minimum spanning tree; and setting the routing tree membership status of each node in the minimum spanning tree, from the new node to the final node, to the specified group

15. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method of removing a first node from a network multicast group, wherein members of a corresponding routing tree route multicast messages among members of the

membership status of the new node.

4	group, the method comprising:		
5	queuing the first node in a queue;		
6	until the queu	is empty, repeating the following, in order	•
7	(a)	removing the most recently queued node to	serve as the
8	current node;		
9	(b)	returning to step (a) if the group membersh	ip status of the
10	current node i	Full;	
11	(c)	dentifying a number of local ports of the c	urrent node that
12	are on;		
13	(d)	returning to step (a) if the number is greate	r than one;
14	(e)	f the number of local ports that are on is e	qual to zero:
15		(e1) for each peer node having a local pe	ort to the current
16	node o	, turning off said peer node's local port to	the current node
17	and ad	ing said peer node to the queue; and	
18		(e2) setting the routing tree membership	status of the
19	curren	node to None; and	
20	(f)	f the number of local ports that are on is e	qual to one:
21		(f1) on a sole peer node coupled to the	one local port,
22	turning	off the sole peer node's local port to the cu	irrent node if the
23	sole po	r's local port to the current node is on;	
24		(f2) adding the sole peer node to the que	eue;
25		(f3) if zero peer nodes have local ports	to the current
26	node o	and the group membership status of the cu	arrent node is
27	None:		
28		turning off the one local port of the	current node
29		hat is on; and	
30		setting the routing tree membership	status of the
31		current node to None; and	

32	(f4) otherwise, setting the routing tree membership
33	status of the current node to SendOnly.
1	16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 15, further
2	comprising, prior to said repeating of steps (a) to steps (f):
3	setting the group membership status of the first node to one of None and
4	SendOnly.
1	17. (Previously Presented) A computer readable medium storing
2	instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a
3	method of removing a first node from a network multicast group, wherein
4	members of a corresponding routing tree route multicast messages among
5	members of the group, the method comprising:
6	queuing the first node in a queue;
7	until the queue is empty, repeating the following, in order:
8	(a) removing the most recently queued node to serve as the
9	current node;
10	(b) returning to step (a) if the group membership status of the
11	current node is Full;
12	(c) identifying a number of local ports of the current node that
13	are on;
14	(d) returning to step (a) if the number is greater than one;
15	(e) if the number of local ports that are on is equal to zero:
16	(e1) for each peer node having a local port to the curren
17	node on, turning off said peer node's local port to the current node
18	and adding said peer node to the queue; and
19	(e2) setting the routing tree membership status of the
20	current node to None; and

21	(t)	if the i	number of local ports that are on is equal to one:
22		(f1)	on the sole peer node coupled to the one local port,
23	tur	ning off the	e sole peer node's local port to the current node if the
24	so	le peer's lo	cal port to the current node is on;
25		(f2)	adding the sole peer node to the queue;
26		(f3)	if zero peer nodes have local ports to the current
27	no	de on and t	he group membership status of the current node is
28	No	one:	
29			turning off the one local port of the current node
30		that is	on; and
31			setting the routing tree membership status of the
32		curren	t node to None; and
33		(f4)	otherwise, setting the routing tree membership
34	sta	itus of the c	urrent node to SendOnly.
1	18. (P	reviously Pr	resented) A computer-implemented method of
2	removing a first r	ode from a	multicast group of network nodes, wherein members
3	of a correspondin	g routing tr	ee route multicast messages among members of the
4	group, the method	d comprisin	g:
5	receiving	a first reque	est to remove a first network node from membership
6	in a multicast gro	up, whereir	the first node was one of a Full member and a
7	SendOnly member	er of the mu	lticast group;
8	setting a C	GroupStatus	of the first node to one of None and SendOnly,
9	wherein said Gro	upStatus ind	dicates a membership status in the multicast group;
10	queuing tl	ne first node	e in a queue;
11	until the q	ueue is emp	pty, repeating:
12	(a) de	queuing a n	ode from the queue to be the current node;
13	(b) de	termining it	f the GroupStatus of the current node is Full;

14	(c)	determining a number of local ports of the current node that are on;		
15	(d)	if the number of local ports is equal to zero:		
16		(d1)	for each peer of the current node with a local port to the	
17	curre	ent node	turned on:	
18			(d1') setting the local port of the peer to off; and	
19			(d1") adding the peer to the queue; and	
20		(d2)	setting a TreeStatus of the current node to None, wherein	
21	said	TreeStat	us indicates a membership status in the routing tree; and	
22	(e)	if the	number is equal to one:	
23		(e1)	on the one peer coupled to the one local port of the current	
24	node	, setting	the local port of the one peer to the current node to off;	
25		(e2)	adding the one peer to the queue;	
26		(e3)	if the GroupStatus of the current node is None and zero	
27	peers of the current node have a local port to the current node on:			
28			(e3') turning off the one local port of the current node; and	
29			(e3") setting the TreeStatus of the current node to None;	
30		and		
31		(e4)	otherwise, setting the TreeStatus of the current node to	
32	Send	lOnly.		
1	19.		iously Presented) The method of claim 18, wherein said step	
2	(a) comprise			
3	dequ	euing a	given node most recently added to the queue to be the current	
4	node.			
1	20.	(Prev	iously Presented) A computer readable medium storing	
2		`	en executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a	
3	method of removing a first node from a multicast group of network nodes,			

4	wherein members of a corresponding routing tree route multicast messages among				
5	members of the group, the method comprising:				
6	receiving a first request to remove a first network node from membership				
7	in a multicast group, wherein the first node was one of a Full member and a				
8	SendOnly member of the multicast group;				
9	setting	setting a GroupStatus of the first node to one of None and SendOnly,			
10	wherein said GroupStatus indicates a membership status in the multicast group;				
11	queuing the first node in a queue;				
12	until t	until the queue is empty, repeating:			
13	(a)	deque	ruing a node from the queue to be the current node;		
14	(b)	determining if the GroupStatus of the current node is Full;			
15	(c)	determining a number of local ports of the current node that are on;			
16	(d)	if the	number is equal to zero:		
17		(d1)	for each peer of the current node with a local port to the		
18	currer	current node turned on:			
19			(d1') setting the local port of the peer to off; and		
20			(d1") adding the peer to the queue; and		
21		(d2)	setting a TreeStatus of the current node to None, wherein		
22	said T	said TreeStatus indicates a membership status in the routing tree; and			
23	(e)	if the	number is equal to one:		
24		(e1)	on the one peer coupled to the one local port of the current		
25	node, setting the local port of the one peer to the current node to off;				
26		(e2)	adding the one peer to the queue;		
27		(e3)	if the GroupStatus of the current node is None and zero		
28	peers of the current node have a local port to the current node on:				
29			(e3') turning off the one local port of the current node; and		
30			(e3") setting the TreeStatus of the current node to None;		
31		and			

52	(e4) otherwise, setting the TreeStatus of the current node to					
33	SendOnly.					
1	21. (Currently Amended) A system for managing membership in a					
2	multicast group and a corresponding routing tree for routing multicast messages					
3	within the multicast group, the systemapparatus comprising:					
4	a network node coupling the systemapparatus to a network;					
5	a subnet administrator configured to receive requests to change the					
6	membership of the multicast group;					
7	a subnet manager configured to update network nodes' routing tables					
8	when the routing tree is modified in response to a change in membership of the					
9	multicast group; and					
0	a subnet management coordinator configured to:					
1	make a non-member into a Full or SendOnly member of the					
2	multicast group by:					
3	setting the group membership status of the non-member to					
4	the group membership status specified in a request that was					
5	received to make the non-member a member of the multicast					
16	group;					
17	identifying a minimum spanning tree of the network;					
8	selecting the non-member as the current node;					
9	until a final node having a routing tree membership status					
20	greater than or equal to the group membership status of the non-					
21	member is identified, repeating:					
22	examining the routing tree membership statuses of peer					
23	nodes of the current node; and					
24	selecting as current node a peer node of the current node					
25	that is coupled to the current node by a link included in the					

26		minin	num spanning tree;			
27			setting the routing tree membership status of each node in			
28		the m	inimum spanning tree, from the non-member to the final			
29		node,	to the specified group membership status of the new node;			
30		make	a Full or SendOnly member into a non-member of the			
31	multicast group; and					
32	update the membership of the routing tree in response to a change					
33	in the membership of the multicast group.					
1	22.	(Canc	relled)			
2						
1	23.	(Currently Amended) The system of claim <u>2122</u> , wherein a node's				
2	routing tree membership status and group membership status are each one of the					
3	following, fro	m lesse	er status to greater status: non-member, SendOnly, Full.			
		<i>-</i>				
1	24.	`	iously Presented) The system of claim 21, wherein said			
2	subnet management coordinator makes a Full or SendOnly member into a non-					
3	member of the multicast group by:					
4	queuing the member in a queue;					
5	until tl	•	ne is empty, repeating the following, in order:			
6		(a)	removing the most recently queued member to serve as the			
7	curren	t node;				
8		(b)	returning to step (a) if the group membership status of the			
9	curren	t node	is Full;			
10		(c)	identifying a number of local ports of the current node that			
11	are on	;				
12		(d)	returning to step (a) if the number is greater than one;			
13		(e)	if the number is equal to zero:			

14		(e1)	for each peer of the current node that has a local			
15		port to the current node on, turning off said peer's local port to the				
16		current node and adding said peer to the queue; and				
17		(e2)	setting the routing tree membership status of the			
18		current node	to non-member; and			
19		(f) if the	number is equal to one:			
20		(f1)	on the one peer coupled to the one local port,			
21		turning off th	e peer's local port to the current node;			
22		(f2)	adding the one peer to the queue;			
23		(f3)	if zero peers have local ports to the current node on			
24		and the group	membership status of the current node is non-			
25		member:				
26			turning off the one local port of the current node			
27		that is	s on; and			
28			setting the routing tree membership status of the			
29		currer	nt node to non-member; and			
30		(f4)	otherwise, setting the routing tree membership			
31		status of the o	current node to SendOnly.			
1	25.	(Cancelled)				